### Algebra 2 Review: Graphing Linear Inequalities

This worksheet is meant to give you a review of how to graph linear inequalities.

### Graphing Linear Inequalities:

1. Decide if the line will be solid or dotted.

The line will be solid when the inequality includes  $\leq$  or  $\geq$ . The solid line indicates that all

points on the line are included in the solution set.

The line will be dotted (or dashed) when the inequality includes < or >. The dotted line

indicates that all points on the line are NOT included in the solution set.

- 2. Graph the appropriate line. Slope-Intercept x- and y-intercepts
- 3. Choose a point on either side of the line and test with the given inequality. Substitute the points into the inequality to see which is true.

### 4. Shade on the appropriate side of the line.

Shade on the side which contains the point which made the inequality true.

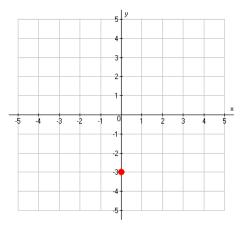
**Example 1:** 
$$y \ge \frac{2}{3}x - 3$$

1. Decide if the line will be solid or dotted.

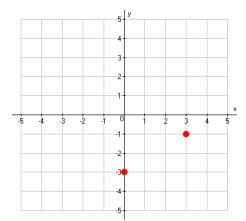
This line will be **solid** because the inequality includes  $\geq$ .

## 2. Graph the appropriate line.

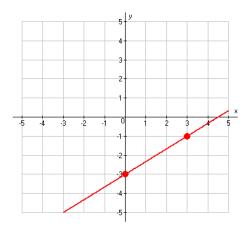
This line is written in **Slope-Intercept Form**. The slope is  $\frac{2}{3}$ . The y-intercept is -3. Since the y-intercept is -3, first graph -3 on the y-axis.



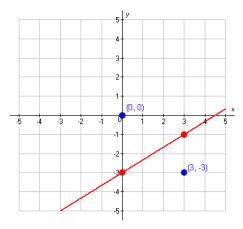
Since the slope is  $\frac{2}{3}$ , move up two units and to the right 3 units. Plot a second point.



Draw a line through these two points (in this case- solid).



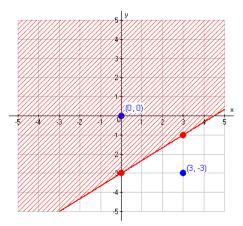
# 3. Choose a point on either side of the line and test with the given inequality.



Substitute the points into the inequality to see which is true.

(0, 0): 
$$y \ge \frac{2}{3}x - 3$$
  
 $(0) \ge \frac{2}{3}(0) - 3$   
 $0 \ge 0 - 3$   
 $0 \ge -3$   
true!!  
(3, -3):  $y \ge \frac{2}{3}x - 3$   
 $(-3) \ge \frac{2}{3}(3) - 3$   
 $-3 \ge 2 - 3$   
 $-3 \ge -1$   
false!!

4. Shade on the appropriate side of the line. Shade on the side which contains the point which made the inequality true.



### **Example 2:** 3x - 4y > 24

### 1. Decide if the line will be solid or dotted.

This line will be **dotted** because the inequality includes >.

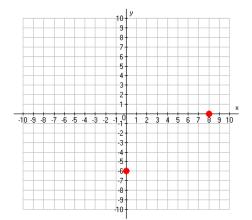
### 2. Graph the appropriate line.

This line is written in the form to easily find the x- and y-intercepts.

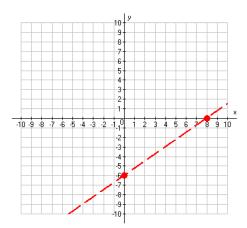
To find the y-intercept, set x = 0 and solve for y. (Use '='.) 3x-4y=24 3(0)-4y=24 -4y=24 y=-6This gives the point (0, -6). To find the x-intercept, set y = 0 and solve for x. (Use '='.) 3x-4y=24 3x-4y=24 3x-4y=24 3x-0=24 3x=24x=8

This gives the point (8, 0).

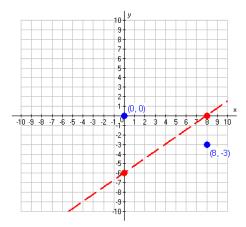
Graph these intercepts.



Draw a line through these two points (in this case- dotted).



3. Choose a point on either side of the line and test with the given inequality.



Substitute the points into the inequality to see which is true.

4. Shade on the appropriate side of the line. Shade on the side which contains the point which made the inequality true.

